

## Voltage Transducer CV 3-1500

For the electronic measurement of voltages: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



RoHS

$$V_{PN} = 1000 \text{ V}$$



### Electrical data

$V_{PN}$	Primary nominal RMS voltage	1000	V
$V_{PM}$	Primary voltage, measuring range	0 ... $\pm 1500$	V
$V_S$	Secondary voltage @ $V_{Pmax}$	10	V
$K_N$	Conversion ratio	1500 V : 10 V	
$R_L$	Load resistance	$\geq 1$	k $\Omega$
$C_L$	Capacitive loading	$\leq 5$	nF
$U_C$	Supply voltage ( $\pm 5\%$ )	$\pm 15$	V
$I_C$	Current consumption	$32 + V_S / R_L$	mA

### Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

		Max	
$X_G$	Overall accuracy @ $V_{PN}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\pm 0.2$	%
	-40 ... +85 $^\circ\text{C}$	$\pm 0.6$	%
$V_O$	Offset voltage @ $V_P = 0$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\pm 5$	mV
	-40 ... +85 $^\circ\text{C}$	$\pm 13$	mV
$t_r$	Step response time to 90 % of $V_{PN}$ <sup>1)</sup>	0.4	$\mu\text{s}$
$BW$	Frequency bandwidth (-1 dB) @ 33 % of $V_{PN}$	DC ... 800	kHz

### General data

$T_A$	Ambient operating temperature	-40 ... +85	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_S$	Ambient storage temperature	-45 ... +90	$^\circ\text{C}$
$P_P$	Total primary power loss	2.8	W
$R_P$	Resistance of primary (winding)	360	k $\Omega$
$m$	Mass	560	g
	Standards	EN 50155: 2007 <sup>2)</sup>	
		EN 50121-3-2: 2015	

Notes: <sup>1)</sup> For a  $dv/dt = 800 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$ .

<sup>2)</sup> Variation of the offset during the test IEC 61000-4-3 between 100 to 200 MHz: 15% of nominal value.

### Features

- Closed loop (compensated) voltage transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

### Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- High immunity to external interference
- Low disturbance in common mode.

### Applications

- Single or three phase inverters
- Propulsion and braking choppers
- Propulsion converters
- Auxiliary converters
- Battery chargers.

### Application Domain

- Traction.

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### Insulation coordination

$U_d$	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	6	kV
$U_e$	Partial discharge extinction RMS voltage @ 10 pC	2	kV
		Min	
$d_{cp}$	Creepage distance	83.8	mm
$d_{cl}$	Clearance	76.4	mm
$CTI$	Comparative tracking index (group I)	600	

### Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary connections, power supply).

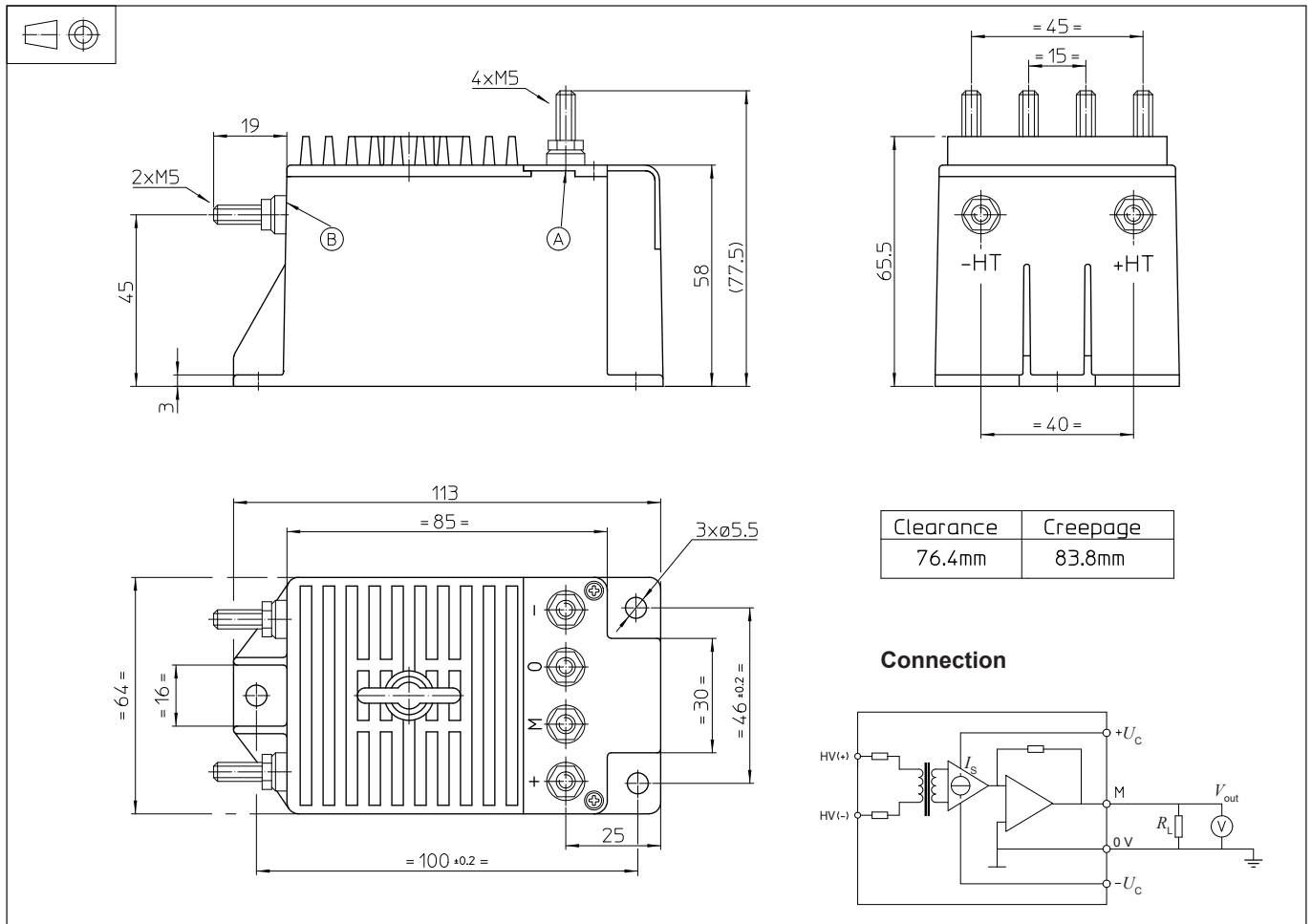
Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

## Dimensions CV 3-1500 (in mm)



### Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance  $\pm 0.3$  mm
- Transducer fastening
  - 3 holes  $\varnothing 5.5$  mm
  - 3 steel screws M5
- Recommended fastening torque 3.8 N·m
- Connection of primary 2 threaded studs M5
- Connection of secondary 4 threaded studs M5
- Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m

### Remarks

- $V_s$  is positive when  $V_p$  is applied on terminal +HV.
- EMC tested with a shielded secondary cable, shield connected to 0 V at both ends, or disconnected.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: [Products/Product Documentation](#).
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.